Questions:
What is a series circuit?
What is a parallel circuit?
How do we combine resistors in series? in parallel?
What is a voltage divider?
What is a current divider?

## Review problem


a) Determine the voltage across each resistor. (Answer: $V R 1=1.3 \mathrm{~V}, V R 2=3.7 \mathrm{~V}, V R 3=-2.2 \mathrm{~V}, \operatorname{VR4}$ $=-0.9 \mathrm{~V}$ )
b) Determine the power produced/consumed by V1 and I1. (Answer: V1 4.25 mW produced, I1 5.9 mW produced)

Equivalent resistance

a) Determine REQ (Answer: $R E Q=10 k$ )

b) Determine REQ (Answer: $R E Q=5 \mathrm{k}$ )

Circuit reduction and voltage analysis

a) Use circuit reduction to determine the voltage across R 4 (Answer: 5 V )
b) Use circuit reduction to determine the voltage across R5 (Answer: 2.5V)

c) Use circuit reduction to find the voltage across R3. (Answer: $V R 3=10 \mathrm{~V}$ )
d) Use circuit reduction to find the current through R4. (Answer: $I R 4=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ )

