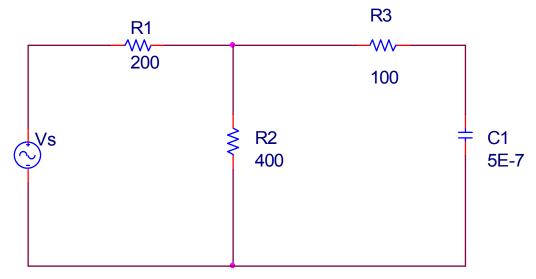
1) Equivalent circuits



1.1: For $I = 8 \angle 45^{\circ} mA$ in phasor form with a 1.59kHz frequency, determine the voltage V1 in the time domain form.

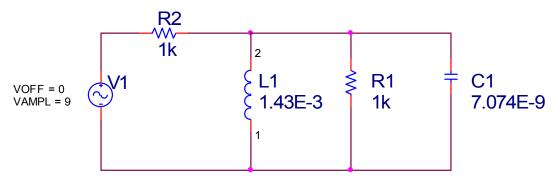
2) First order circuits



The source is a 10V sinusoidal signal with a frequency of 636.6Hz and has zero phase.

- 2.1: Determine the phasor expression for the voltage source.
- 2.2:. Determine the equivalent impedance seen by the source.
- 2.3: Determine the phasor expression for the current through the source.
- 2.4: Determine the phasor expression for the voltage across C1.
- 2.5: Determine the time domain expression for the voltage across C1.
- 2.6: Determine the transfer function, H(s) = VC1(s) / Vs(s), for the above RC circuit.
- 2.7: Verify your soltuion to part d. using the transfer function (remember $s = j\omega$ in AC steady state).

3) Phasors-RLC

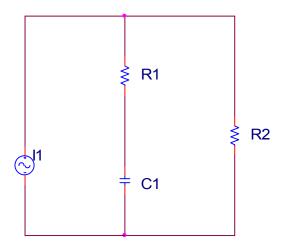


- 3.1: Using phasor analysis, determine the voltage across the capacitor when the source is 50kHz.
- 3.2: Using phasor analysis, determine the votlage across the capacitor when the source is 50 Hz. (reminder: -90degrees is -j) **Partial answer check: ZRLC** = **0.45j**
- 3.3: Using phasor analysis, determine the voltage across the capacitor when the source is 50MHz (50E6Hz).(reminder: 90degrees is j)

4) Transfer functions

Determine the transfer functions in the following circuit. Determine the behavior of the transfer function as $\frac{1}{2}$

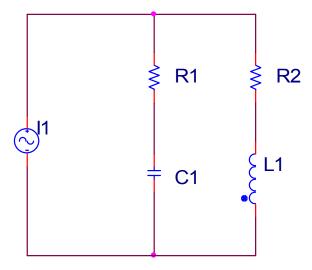
 $\omega \to 0$ and $\omega \to \infty$



4.1: Voltage across C1 relative to the source voltage $H(s) = \frac{V_{C1}(s)}{I_1(s)}$

4.2: Determine the magnitude of the transfer function as frequency approaches zero, $|H(s \rightarrow 0)|$

4.3: Determine the magnitude of the transfer function as frequency approaches infinity, $|H(s \to \infty)|$



- 4.4: Voltage across L1 relative to the source curren $H(s) = \frac{V_{L1}(s)}{I_1(s)}$
- 4.5: Determine the magnitude of the transfer function as frequency approaches zero, $|H(s \rightarrow 0)|$
- 4.6: Determine the magnitude of the transfer function as frequency approaches infinity, $\left|H(s\to\infty)\right|$